

CHAPTER 19

STREET NUMBERING

10-19-1	<i>Supervision of Street Numbering</i>
10-19-2	<i>Baseline Numbering Systems</i>
10-19-3	<i>Method of Numbering</i>
10-19-4	<i>Displaying Numbers</i>
10-19-5	<i>Failure to Number</i>

10-19-1: SUPERVISION OF STREET NUMBERING: The Planning and Building Division shall supervise the numbering of all houses and buildings upon the streets and avenues within the City.

10-19-2: BASELINE NUMBERING SYSTEMS:

- (A) Baseline Systems. All residences and businesses within the City shall be numbered in accordance with the street numbering system set forth in this chapter. All buildings within the City shall be numbered in accordance with a baseline system, which shall have a north-south baseline and an east-west baseline. The intersection of such baselines shall hereafter be referred to as the Initial Point.
- (B) Initial Point and Baseline. The Initial Point for the City shall be the junction of the centerline of Center Street and the center line of Park Avenue. The north-south baseline shall run along the centerline of Center Street and the east-west baseline shall run along the centerline of Park Avenue.

10-19-3: METHOD OF NUMBERING:

- (A) Numbering of Streets Generally. Numbering shall commence at the Initial Point. All blocks shall be numbered with fifty (50) numbers to a side between two intersecting streets, except where such numbering would produce irregularity. Numbering shall extend all directions from the Initial Point with the even numbers being on the right, and the odd numbers on the left, when facing away from the Initial Point. Houses and buildings located on streets not extending to a baseline shall be numbered as though such street extended to a baseline. All numbers for buildings and houses located on a street shall be approximately evenly proportioned for the 50 numbers located between the two streets intersecting perpendicularly thereto. All building numbers shall conform as nearly as possible to the corresponding points on parallel or nearly parallel streets.

- (B) Dual Direction Streets. If a street changes from running approximately parallel to one baseline to another perpendicular baseline, then the numbering shall change at the center of the curve in the street where such change is made, except as set forth below. If a street changes direction and then reverts to running parallel with its original direction without intersection with another street, then all houses and buildings located thereon shall be numbered as though the entire street ran in the same direction for the entire length thereof. In such case, all houses and buildings located thereon shall be numbered in even proportions for the 50 numbers on each side thereof.
- (C) Dual Occupancies. Buildings having more than one occupancy shall have separate numbers at the street entrance to each occupancy.

10-19-4: DISPLAYING NUMBERS: The owner of each house or building within the City shall display thereon its correct street number as determined by the numbering system prescribed in this chapter. The numbers shall be not less than three inches (3") in height, shall be placed as near the street entrance as is practicable and shall be clearly readable from the street in daylight.

10-19-5: FAILURE TO NUMBER: Any owner of any house or building within the City who fails to display the correct street number of such house or building in the manner prescribed herein or displays any incorrect street number thereof is guilty of a misdemeanor.